# OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH Q FEVER EDUCATION



The following is an overview of Q Fever information for researchers working in the Perinatal Research Facility.

Contact occupational.health@cuanschutz.edu if you have any questions.

### **WHAT IS Q FEVER?**



- Q Fever is zoonotic rickettsial disease caused by the bacterium <u>Coxiella burnetii</u>
  - C. burnetii can reach high concentrations in animal tissues, especially placenta and other products of conception
  - C. burnettii is most commonly associated with sheep, but other animals can be carriers.

#### Acute

- 5 out of 10 people infected with C. burnetti will get sick
- Illness develops 2 to 3 weeks after exposure to the bacteria

#### Chronic

- Develops months or years following initial Q fever infection
- Can be deadly if not treated
- Risk factors: heart valve disease, blood vessel abnormalities, weakened immune system, pregnancy
- Transmission to humans occurs by:
  - Airborne dissemination of C. burnettii through direct contact with infected animals
  - Ingesting contaminated food or breathing in dust that has been contaminated by infected animal feces, urine, milk, and birth products that contain *C. burnetii*

#### Signs and symptoms of Q Fever

- High fever
- Sore throat
- Chills, sweats
- Non-productive cough
- Muscle pain
- Body discomfort
- Fatique
- Severe headache

# IN THE EVENT OF AN EXPOSURE/SYMPTOMS



- When working around sheep areas, it is important to remain vigilant with a high index of suspicion on potential signs and symptoms of Q fever.
- Report any symptoms to Occupational Health
  - o (303) 724-9145
- Schedule an appointment with Occupational Health
  - Consult and possible blood draw

## SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS



- Initial Surveillance:
  - Submit Initial Medical Surveillance Questionnaire
  - Make appointment with Occupational Health for initial blood draw to establish baseline serology
  - PPE education and training
  - N95 fit testing
- Annual Surveillance:
  - Submit Annual Medical Surveillance Questionnaire
  - Annual blood draw
  - PPE education and training
  - N95 fit testing
- When exiting the program
  - Exit Q Fever titer one year after last entry into PRF

### **BUILDING INFORMATION**

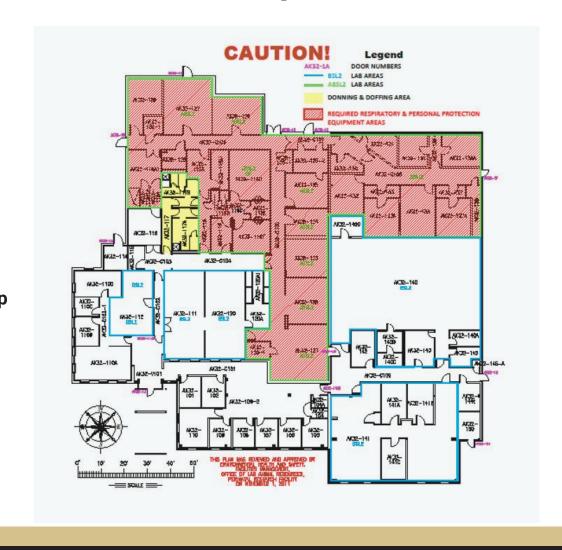


- Facility access is controlled via electronic badging
- Only one approved entry & exit point
  - Entry and exit from the rear door or any other entryways are forbidden
- Rear door access is limited to a few PRC and Facility staff for the purposes of delivery or maintenance activities

#### PPE AND PRECAUTIONS (



- Traffic patterns marked by signage and donning/doffing locations must be adhered to
- Adherence to BSL-3 practices is essential during necropsy and birthing
- Required PPE:
  - Respiratory protection
  - Eye protection
  - Disposable gowns
  - Gloves



Perinatal Research Facility Map



occupational.health@cuanschutz.edu







